the people, because there would be no compe-

tition. General Herbert's argument creates

some merriment among the advocates of

some merriment among the advocates of postal telegraphy. He concludes his observations in this language: "Jay Gould could not compete with the government, and he would be forced to sell out at a reasonable price. If we established a postal telegraph it would create at least \$5,000 more office holders, and in less than two years the number would be double. Just imagine what a force that would give the party in power. Then again, saying that the government should take the telegraphs, the next step would be to control the railroads. It is this policy in France that prevents that republic

Army News.

### CATTLEMEN AT KANSAS CITY.

First Day of the National Cattle Growers' Association.

DISCUSSING PLEURO-PNEUMONIA

Commissioner Colman Reads a Paper on the Disease Which Meets With the Disapproval of the Illinois Delegation.

Cattle Growers in Convention. Kansas City, Oct. 31.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—The National Cattle Growers' convention of the United States is fairly under way, but from present prospects the pleuro-pneumonia question is bound to create dissension. Commissioner Colman's paper on that question, read at the opening session this afternoon, was received with unqualified disapproval by the Illinois delegation, and when the committee on resolutions presents its report to-morrow a heated and lengthy debate is anticipated. The attendance thus far is not up to that of previous years, only about one hundred and fifty regularly accredited delegates being present at to-day's meeting, though about seventy-five more were in the city, but preferred "taking in the town" to participating in the organization of the convention. At noon to-day the board of directors of the Cattle Growers' association met in executive session at the official headquarters, room 102 of the Coates house. There was a general discussion of the affairs of the association, during which Mr. John Clay, jr., the treasurer, gave an outline of the report which he will read at the business meeting of the association to-morrow. The report showed the association to be in a most flourishing finan-

cial condition, there being a balance of \$3,000 in the treasury after all outstanding debts are paid. The programme for the afternoon meeting was then discussed, and it was decided that the report of the legislative committee should be read if there was time. Shortly before 2 o'clock the lively music dispensed by the famous "Cowboy" band, of Dodge City, Kan., drew the delegates and visitors toward the Cates opera house, where the convention was held. There was no attempt made at decoration in the house. Nearly two hundred delegates were in attendance, representing over thirty states and territories. The delegates were seated in the main auditorium, the section assigned to each state being marked by a small banner of gold and black. At 2:15 the session was opened by President D. W. Smith in a short speech. In an informal talk just previous to calling the conventien to order the president stated that so far as he was concerned the session throughout would be eminently a business one and he said he had left his home at considerable inconvenience to his business and he was anxious to return as soon as possible. This declaration was hearfilly respected to by those the beautiful

Mayor Kumpf was introduced and said:
Gentlemen of the Convention: "On behalf of the city I take pleasure in bidding you welcome to the metropolis which you have done so much to make, for it is the cattle and interests to which we are more indebted than to any other business, trade or avocation. If there is anything which Kan sas City is noted for it is her immense pack ing interests and the amount of cattle recognize the lasting obligation we are under to the cattlemen of the west and southwest for a great share of our present prosperity. Thanking you for your attention I agaid bid

you welcome to our city.

Mayor William Warner, who was to have delivered the address of welcome sent word to the convention at the last moment that he could not be present and Mr. E. H. Allen, president of the board of trade, was eed to the convention and addressed it as

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Con vention: I feel certain in bidding you wel-come here, that you are already part and is not a state or county anywhere in the nation that has not contributed something to help make Kansas City. We are very glad to see conventions of every kind coming to this growing young city of the west. You well know that although we have taken the name of one state we have swept over both Missouri and Kansas and are reaching out our hands to the entire southwest. The City of Mexico is nearer us to-day, than was Syracuse, N. Y., to the city of New York, a few years ago. If this is the far west, claim that we are a choice people out here and we are glad to have our friends come and see just what kind of people we are We trust you will make yourselves as com-fortable as you can. Gentlemen, you are sin-cerely welcome to Kansas City."

President Smith made a short response, thanking the former speakers for their warm come. The speaker said he felt sure that meeting would be productive of great good. He said: "I notice a singular and marked contrast to the first cattlemen's con-vention ever held in this country. It was at St. Louis when the cattle barons of the wes came in special cars, attended by private sec retaries. The diamond merchants vied with each other in their efforts to secure the cus-tom of these millionaires. I have not noticed any diamond merchants present this year but hope to see a few next year."

Dr. Ames, of Montana, said: "I am sure

that we are as glad to come as the people of Kansas City are glad to have us. I fear we are not well fixed to return the municipal hospitality of the Kansas City people. I am confident that the cattlemen of the convenconfident that the cattlemen of tion will take off their hats to the people o

Kansas City."
H. H. Hines, of Michigan, was chosen ten porary chairman, and at once proceeded to business by the appointment of a committee to name a temporary secretary. A delegate from Missouri made a motion to the effect that a committee on resolutions be appointed. The motion provoked considerable goodnatured discussion, and it was finally with drawn, the scutiment of the convention being decidedly in favor of waiting until permanent organization was had. Commissioner Col-man, of Illinois, addressed the convention substantially as follows:

It gives me pleasure to meet you, representing as you do the most important interest in this country with a capital of \$120,000,000. When I accepted my present position it was to neglect no interest of yours. If I have met with your approval I shall appre-ciate it. Clouds of misfortune are hanging over the cattle industry. I couldn't account for it at first, but I see now the silver lining for it at first, but I see now the silver lining. I am sure the population is increasing more rapidly than the beef, and soon you will have light herds again." Mr. Coleman then read an exhaustive statment regarding pleuropneumonia in cattle. He said: "After reviewing the progress of the disease during the past ten years, I find it well in hand at present, a fact due to the industry of the government official who had been appointed in accordance with an act of the assembly." The balance of the statement was devoted to The balance of the statement was devoted to data concerning the number of cattle af-fected. Mr. Coleman said that by hard work the diseases had been successfully stamped out of Cook county, lilinois. He eatd that in reality Maryland out of Cook county, Illinois said that in reality Mand New York were the hot-beds of pneumonia, but some time in the near future the plague would be stamped out of these states. The speaker advised more effective legislation and, above all, a generous appro-

great reaper manufacturer, committed suicide legislation and, above all, a generous appro-priation for carrying on the work, and he re-cited the fact that the plague had been stamped out of the shades of Missouri and Kentucky. The disease is Missouri was caused by the importation of a Jersey buil from Illinois that cost Missouri cattle men over a round million. A quarantine was ad-vised against Europe in Strong terms, and Mr. Columns said he would stamp the disease man said he would stamp the disease out if congress made the proper appropria-

At the conclusion of Commissioner Coteman's remarks the question of the appointment of a committee on resolutions arose.

The Illinois delegation, which is against the bureau of annual industry, favored the appointment of a committee of one from each delegation represented, while the Coleman contingent desired a small committee. The latter finally were, after a heated debate, the chair being instructed by a rising vote to appoint a committee of seven without regard to delegations. The committee on permanent organization made its report which was accepted as follows: Chairman, Lafayette Funk, of Illinois; secretary, A. H. Sanders, of Illinois; assistant secretaries, R. B. Woodbury Cuthbert, and Powell, of Missouri, After, some desultory discussion the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. The pleuro-pneumonia question was made a special order for to-morrow.

#### O'BRIEN TAKEN TO PRISON.

The Irish Patriot's Sentence Carried Out Amid Popular Demonstrations. DUBLIN, Oct. 31 .- The appeal of Mr. Wm. O'Brien, editor of United Ireland, against he sentence of three months' imprisonment imposed on him by the Mitchellstown court, has been refused. On the announcement of the decision the court room was immediately in an uproar, and the people clustered around O'Brien to prevent the officers from arresting him. A terrible struggle took place be tween O'Brien's friends and the officers. Ladies screamed and fainted, but the officers finally succeeded in arresting him. The latest advices from Mitchellstown state that the peoole are fearfully excited over the arrest, and that 20,000 persons are gathered around the court house and rioting is feared.

The sentence of Mr. Mandeville, chairman

of the board of poor law guardians of Mitch-elstown, was also confirmed and he was taken into custody. Mandeville was jointly indicted with O'Brien for using seditious language at the meeting at Mitchelstown and was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. O'Brien and Mandeville, guarded by hussars. were placed in a car. The crowd cheered as they emerged from the court house. The police cleared the streets and prevented any attempt at rescue. The prisoners were taken

to Cork jail.

The stormy scene resulted from O'Brien's attempt to leave the building in order to speak to his friends. The inspector of police refused to let him go, and a struggle ensued. Harrington declared O'Brien could not be legally arrested, as the warrant had not been signed. The recorder, who had sentenced O'Brien, agreed with Harrington, but Magistrate Stokes ordered the police to ar-rest O'Brien on his (Stokes') responsi-bility. During the fierce struggle which followed, the magistrate signed the warrant and O'Brien was carried away. No one was seriously hurt in the struggle. On the way to Middleton in the morning O'Brien was greeted by an immense crowd of league members at Queenstown Junction and most en thusiastic demonstrations were made. At Carrigwo Hill there was another imposing demonstration and O'Brien made a short address. This inspiring spectacle, he said, would compensate him for for the wretched three months in prison and for his life long labor in the Irish cause. He asked the peo-ple to show a spirit of discipline. At Middleple to show a spirit of discipline. At Middle-ton there was another great demonstration, but the police interfered and suppressed it. News of O'Brien's return spread like wildfire through Cork, and the streets through which it was supposed he would pass were packed with people when he arrived. Arriving at the prison O'Brien compelled the police to remove him forcibly from the car. He was accompanied to prison by the mayor. Vice accompanied to prison by the mayor. Vice Chairman Ahern, of the board of guardians, made a speech, after which the crowd marched away singing "God Save Ireland." The wildest enthusiasm was manifested.

Moonlighters and Constables Fight. DUBLIN, Oct. 31 .- An affray between moonlighters and constables occurred at Castle Two constables are reported shot

Death of a Balloonist. St. Louis, Oct. 31.-At the closing performance of Peanie's "Last Days of Pompeil" a terrible accident occurred, resulting in the death of Antonio Infantes. To-night being the last of the season for the spectacle, Antonio Infantes proposed to make a balloon ascension. Shortly after 1 o'clock the bal-loon, a hot-air affair, was brought onto the immense stage before an audience of two thousand people. The air-ship started up quickly and had obtained a height of 500 feet when there was a collapse and the aeronaut plunged to the ground, holding desperately to the ropes which held the sagging canvas. The descent was very rapid, and as he came down before the audience he was thrown upon an iron rod from which the rockets were being fired. Death ensued immediately being fired. Death ensued immediately.
The horrified people rushed to the scene, but
could give no help and the place was quickly
deserted, the "Last days of Pompeii" ending with a horrible catastrophe.

The Dead Voters of Baltimore. BALTIMORE, Oct. 31 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE.]-"Free" Raisen, by Senator Gorman's influence a naval officer of the port of Baltimore, controls a number of lower wards of the city. In these wards were piled up a majority for Latrobe in the recent election that overcame the majorities for Bartlett in the up-town wards. Raisen has enemies in his own ward, men who support the ring, but dislike Raisen. These persons are showing how the Raisen wards were carried. Anti-Raisen men state that the total returns show that 4,000 names of dead and absent persons were voted. The anti-Raisen democrats have been of great assistance to the Retorm leagupromise to make more interesting developments. The league continued the work of having the names of dead men stricken from the lists immediately after the election last Wednesday, and the courts will continue the investigation. Hundreds of illegal names

#### will be stricken off before the state election Murder and Suicide.

WILLIAMSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 31.-Louis Phailer, a drunken barber, during a quarrel with his wife yesterday, shot her through the breast, killing her instantly, and then shot himself through the head, from the effects of which he died about midnight.
ITHACA, N. Y., Oct 31.—William Shaler las

gight blow his wife's brains out with a pisto and then shot himself. When the neigh-bors rushed in a few moments after the shooting, both were dead. They had been married a year but did not live happily.

#### The Visible Supply. CHICAGO, Oct. 31.-Following is the visble supply of grain in store in the United

		of	trade,	for the weel
Corn	 	****		0,049,43
Barley.	 			

States and Canada, as compiled by the sec

#### Steamers Ashore. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 31 .- The steamer Parama, of the Compaguie Trans-Atlantic Espagnole, is ashore of St. Sebastian. All passengers have been saved. SHANGHAL Oct. 31.—The flag ship of the

Russian Pacific squadron is ashere on the rocks at Vladivostock. Suicide. SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 31 .- James R. Whitely, brother of William N. Whitely, the

## this morning by shooting himself through the

A Fatal Row. NEW YORK, Oct. 31 .- A man named Hennessey was killed this morning during a lodging house altercation by W. Downey and Clerk Goetchiots. The two murderers are

# The German Crown Prince.

Berlin, Oct. 31 .- Crown Prince Frederick William, in a letter to the president of the Silesian diet, says he hopes to return in the spring with his health restored.

## ENGLISH FRIENDS OF PEACE.

Great Britain's Arbitration Representatives Visit the President.

THEIR MISSION ABLY PRESENTED.

The Supreme Court to Decide the Anarchist Case To-morrow-Postal Telegraphs-Coast Defences-Washington News.

To Avert Bloodshed. Washington, Oct. 31.—The president this afternoon received a deputation from Great Britain who desire his co-operation in securing a treaty between that country and the United States which shall provide for an amicable settlement of disputes by arbitra-

Andrew Carnegie introduced the visitors to the president in a short address, in which he presented the great importance of the question. Hon. Lyon Playfair, representing the members of parliament, and Mr. John Wilson, representing the trade congress, also made short addresses in favor of the movement. Mr. Playfair, in his address, said the memorial had been signed by more than onethird of the members of the house of commons. It is really the outcome of an ardent desire on the part of the workingmen of the United Kingdom to perpetuate the friendship and peace which now exists between kindred people on both sides of the Atlantic. "International arbitration," Mr. Playfair said, "if established would only be one step further in the history of civilization and its principle should be extended to nations, especially when, as in the case of the United Kingdom and United States, they are allied by blood and kuit together by love. The time is favorable for the consideration of the question because the whole world is startled at the new aspect of war which the progress of science is making—a huge engine for the brutal butchery of men and the wanton waste of property. Its increasing cost threatens the bases of national credit and even of national solvency. In ten years the cost of European armanents has increased the cost of European armanents has increased by at least 25 per cent, which amounts to 3 per cent of the whole earnings of Europe. The United States alone, among the nations can keep down its combatant expenditures, because it does not consider it necessary to anticipate war with foreign powers. It is here, therefore, rather than in Europea that proposals for treaties of arbi-Europe, that proposals for treaties of arbitration might naturally be made. At all events, we might devise a treaty between the United Kingdom and the United States. That would be a glorious example to other nations, and might lead to the two great Angle-Saxon nations being the peace-makers of the world."

Mr. Cremer, M. P., secretary for Kingmen's Peace association, who originated the memorial, then presented it to the president and made an address in which he said the objects sought had met the approval of all classes in Great Britain. It was especially desirable that the United States should take

the initiative.

The president responded as follows: Gentlemen: The main and prominent idea so fittingly presented by you and by the memorials you deliver, is a lofty and ennobling one, involving the preservation of peace with all its manifold blessings. These have, as civilization progressed, been more and more recognized as the basis of national prosper-ity and happiness, and this reflection may well lead to surprise that peace has made no greater progress in its substitution for the wasting progress of war, as an arbiter of international disputes, It is well that the minds of good and thoughtful men should be now turned to this subject, and that a concerted movemen should be made to supersede the horrors of war. It is well, too, that this effort should de by the citizens of the two countries which proudly claim to be in the van of civilization and progress. The people of my country boast that they can exhibit in their prosperity and development more of the victories of peace than any other nation on the globe. At the same time our history demonstrates that we need yield to none in the spirit and patriotism which make war It seems to me that a country thus demonstrating the advantages of peace and at the same time having no fear of suspicion of weakness, is in a favorable condition to listen to the merits of the cause you present. And, to my mind, there is nothing more touching or persuasive than the part the laboring men of England have taken in this movement. They speak for the free-dom from increased cost of living induced by war. Nay, more, they speak for their homes, their families and their lives. I cannot but think that there are object lessons before the workingmen of America, which will readily awaken their sympathy with and desire for a condition of international understanding which shall alleviate the death and distress war brings to their house-I am sorry to be obliged to confess that the practical side of this question has received but little of my attention. I am re-minded too, that in the administration of government difficulty often arises in the at-tempt to carefully apply ideas which, in themselves, challenge unqualified approval. Thus it may be that the friends of interna tional arbitration will not be able at once to secure the adoption, in its whole extent, of their humane and benificent scheme. But, surely, great progress should be made by sincere and hearty effort. I promise you faithful and careful consideration of the matter; and I believe I may speak for

## the American people in giving the assurance that they desire to see the killing of men for the accomplishment of national ambition, abolished; and that they will gladly hail the advent of peaceful methods in the settlement

of national disputes, so far as this is consist

tant with the defense and protection of our country's territory, and with the mainten-

ance of our national honor when it affords shelter and repose for national integrity and personifies safety and the protection of our Candidates for Doorkeeper. Washington, Oct. 31.- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-There is a great deal of quiet but effective work in progress among friends of the various candidates for the doorkeeper ship, and during the past week it is reported that the relative positions of several of the prominent ones have materially changed. Donelson is regarded as practically out of the race. He might have had a walkover but, owing to his laxity in money matters and the ease with which has antagonized many his former friends he will have lit-tle chance and it is said now that his name will not be mentioned in the caucus. Major Hurt of Mississippi, at present employed the postoffice department, has been look upon as the most likely winner. But it is now said that Hurt has connections which will make it exceedingly unwise to give him

the place. There are serious objections to all the other candidates arising from various causes with one exception. This exception is Col. Platt B. Walker, of Minnesota. Ten days ago odds against Walker were 7 to To-day his chances are thought to be about even with improvements reported every day. Walker will have the support of the western and northwestern members al-most to a man on account of his connection with and efforts in behalf of the improvement of the waterways. Walker is said to have developed a great deal of strength in the south among his old associates in the confedcrate army and others anxious to share the patronage which attaches to the doorkeeper's office are focking towards him in order that they may be in at the divide. Walker may possibly get there after all.

General Herbert on Postal Telegraph Washington, Oct. 30 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.] - General Herbert, of Ala bama, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs, has just returned from Europe, where he spent the summer, and gives evidence in an interview with a Critic reporter

#### this evening of having been frightened with the power of foreign governments over their subjects. He says he is opposed to postal

telegraphy because he opposes an increase of federal power. He thinks it would result unfavorably to the people for the government Escaped. to have exclusive control of the telegraph for

How Mary Shuman Was Initiated Into the Naked Orgies of a Wisconsin Dance House-Her

# A Frightful Tale.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 31 .- [Special Tele-

gram to the BEE. ]-Mary Shuman, seventeen

would be to control the railroads. It is this policy in France that prevents that republic from being a republic in the true meaning of the word. The policy of the government in controlling the telegraphs, railroads, subsidizing opera houses, preachers, 'art, etc., is the legacy left the French people by Louis XIV. We must keep our individuality, and to do that, we must guard against every increase of power to the government. The subject will be an interesting one this winter and will provoke a great deal of discussion. Much can be said on both sides." viegled into one of the dance houses near Hurley as follows: Her home is near Streeter, Ill., and some time ago she received a letter WASHINGTON, Oct. 31-[Special Telegran to the BEE.]-General Sheridan, who has just returned from an inspection of the post at Fort Snelling, which is to be enlarged to accommodate troops from some smaller west ern posts, gave his personal attention to the Crow Indian troubles. It is stated that General Rogers' presence at the scene of action and the mobilization of troops, were directed by General Sheridan, who advocates decisive by General Sheridan, who advocates decisive action wherever there are Indian hostilities. First Lieutenant William H. McMinn, Tenth cavalry, has been placed upon the retired list. The leave of absence granted Captain Allen Smith, Fourth cavalry, has been extended ten days. First Lieutenant Williston Fish, Fourth artillery, has resigned. Major C. C. Sniffen has been ordered to West Paint on public business. Second to West Point on public business. Secon-Lieutenant L. W. Cornish, Fifth cavalry, ha been granted two months' leave. Lieutenant Foster, Fifth cavalry, has been relieved from duty as range officer at Fort Reno, Kan-sas. Captain George W. Adair, assistant surgeon, has been granted twenty three days extension of leave. Lieutenant Colonel A fred L. Haugh, Sixteenth infantry, has been assigned to duty at San Antonio, Texas. Lieutenant John J. Crittenden and a detail from the Twenty-second infantry, have been ordered to the southern border of the Jicarilla Indian reservation. It is stated that Lieutenant Scott, First cavalry, will marry Miss Hastings, of Leavenworth, Kan., on November 30. Lieutenant Atkinson is to be married January 11 at Charlottesville, Va

as lively as any of them, and she was allowed to sleep unmolested for the whole of Wednes

On Thursday night she was outraged by

in money and bought a ticket for her from Ashland to Duluth. The girl left here the

afternoon for her home in Illinois. She cried a great deal in relating her story to

reporter, but was an attractive, well-spoker

same day about a year ago. She says the

ment if they left the dance house without permission. She knew very little about

permission. She knew very little about places or distances, but her only anxiety seemed to be to get home.

Burial of a Suicide.

Seward. Neb., Oct. 31.-[Special Telegram to the Bee.]-Wm. Butcher, who committed

suicide at Fremont last Friday by taking

twenty grains of morphine, was buried her

yesterday. Rev. Gardiner officiated and the

male quartette sang. Domestic trouble is given as the cause of the rash act. The Morris Lock company are now in op

eration making their celebrated postoffic

Farmers are busy this fine weather gath

ering their corn and are very well satisfied

How He Stands.

county for judge.
AUBURN, Neb., Oct. 31.—[Special Telegram

to the Brz.]. Stull's few friends concede Broady's election and in their desperation to

elect Stull, will knife Humphrey. This is

FALLS CITY, Neb., Oct. 31.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Aon. B. W. Thomas, it is

predicted, will receive 700 majority for judge in Richardson county. The people are op-posed to the two railroad dromior—Stull and

A Brakeman Hurt.

OAKLAND, Neb., Oct. 31.-[Special Tele

gram to the Bee.]-A brakeman on a special

freight fell off a flat car one mile south of

Oakland this evening at 7 o'clock, while the

train was in motion, and received two severe

scalp wounds and several over his limbs While he is badly hurt, his case is not consid

ered serious. He was a new man on th

Sarpy Republicans Nominate.

Papillion, Neb., Oct. 31.- [Special Tele

gram to the Bee.]—The republicans of Sarpy

county met here in convention this afternoo

and nominated the following ticket: Count.

clerk, S. G. Salsbury; sheriff, A. F. Emprey; county judge, Jas. Hassett; coroner, C. D. Berger; superintendent of public instruction, S. C. Bond; surveyor, J. L. Freman; commis-

Stanton County Republicans.

STANTON, Neb., Nov. 1 .- [Special Tele

as to yield.

Stull's old game.

zirl. Her father and mother died on

Uneasiness About Secretary Whitney Washington, Oct. 31.-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]-There has been a good deal of nervousness to-day in official circles concerning the condition of Secretary Whitney, who is ill at his home in New York, and the intentions of that official. This morning it was reported that he had tendered his resignation, giving his illness as his excuse for desiring to etire from the cabinet, when in fact he had become discouraged over the outlook of his chief for re-election, and the sired to be free at the approaching convention to stand for the nomination himself or work for another aspirant than the present president. The BES has been unable to find any foundation for these rumors, but that some change is anticipated, any one can see here. Upon the suggestion of those high in authority this evening paper's announce that Secretary Whitness health is improving and that he has neys health is improving, and that he has no desire to leave the cabinet and that he only needs rest and has determined to take it. The annual report of the secretary of the navy will likely be written by the acting sec-

### A Motion Denied.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- The motion made by Attorney General Garland to advance the case of the receiver of the First National bank of Buffalo against Eldridge G. Spaulding and others was denied. The case involves he question of liability of directors of na ional banks for negligence in the performance of their duties.

A decision was rendered in the case of Felix A. Mathews to recover from the United States a balance claimed to be due him on account of salary as consul at Tan-gier, in the Barbary States. The decision of the court of claims, dismissing the petition

is affirmed.

The chief justice announced the following order: The first sub-division of rule twenty is amended so as to read as follows; "Rule 20. printed arguments:

20, printed arguments:

 In all cases brought here on writ of error, appeal, or otherwise, the court will receive printed arguments without regard to the number of cases on the docket, if counsel on both sides shall choose to submit the same within the 1st ninety days of the term and, in addition, appeals from the court of claims may be submitted by both parties within thirty days after they are docketed, but not after the first day of April; but twenty-five copies of the argument, signed by the attorney or counsellors of this court must be first filed.

### Sea Coast Defenses.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 81.-General Duane, chief of engineers, has made his annual report to the secretary of war. Beyond reference to attached reports of officers in charge of improvements, the subject of river and harbor improvements receives little mention. the report being largely devoted to a state ment of the condition of the sea coast and lake front defenses. On this topic General Duane says: "Many of the works are di-lapidated and economy requires that they should be kept from decay. The estimates submitted aggregate \$5,234,000, including \$2,840,000 for construction of gun and mortar and \$1,860,000 for submarine mines and appliances for closing channels. Those amounts are meant to cover extensive plans of defenses to be divided among the principal scaports next year. Two typical designs prepared by the board of engineers are said to meet all modern requirements and are for fortifications constructed of sand, covering the masonry and bomb proof. The repors says no armor is now or ever will be quired for such defenses.

## Admiral Porter's Views.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- Admiral Porter has nade his annual report to the secretary of the navy. In considering the question of coast defences, the admiral states that all important harbors are entirely defenseless against a single ironelad. "For, in event of war," says the report, "we are no more pre-pared than we were a year ago, although we have made a beginning to repair simply the waste in our navy for the past twenty-five years." In the opinion of the admiral, the first step toward the protection of the coast should be the construction of a squadroon of heavy ironclads. The admiral argues at length in favor of subsidies for attiruous. length in favor of subsidies for shipping.

### The New York Indian Lands.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The commissioner of the general land office had made a report to the secretary of the interior upon the status of the New York Indian lands in Kansas, in which he holds that these lands were reserved by the treaty stipulation and reservation which have never been lawfully ex-tinguished. The lands embraced in this reservation, which have been patented to a

### ailroad company, aggregate 226,830 acres.

gram to the BEE.]-The republican con-Pensions Granted. vention nominated the following ticker Washington, Oct. 31.- [Special Telegram Saturday: Treasurer, A. C. Leonard; clerk, Louis Smithberge; Superintendent, Charles S. Coney; Sheriff, Alex Peters. to the BEE. ]--The following Nebruska pensions were issued to-day: Nebraska-Frederick Pilgrim, of Scribner. The "Norfolk Journal" Sold.

Iowa-Frederick E., (deceased) father of Norrolk, Neb., Oct. 31.—[Special Telegram to the Bee:]—The Norfolk Journal was Ernest G. Klein, Britt; Stephen Murphy, Hibbsville; John A. Parker, Nashua; George W. Wiltze, Montezuma; Elias Parkes, Davensold to-day by M. Waterman to William port; Andrew L. Crain, Lisbon; Allen Leavitt, recently of Ashland, who will con-Jeffries, Colfax. tinue it as a republican paper,

#### HURLEY'S HORRIBLE DENS. THE VERNON WRECK. No Longer Any Doubt That All on

Board Were Lost.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 31 .- Every vessel known

to have passed the scene of the propellor

Vernon's wreck off Two Rivers point last

Saturday has undoubtedly reached port by

this time, and as none have reported picking

up any body on the lake, there is now no

doubt that everyone on board of her when

she left Glen Haven is dead. The crew num-

Terrible Story of a Young Girl Who

A FATE WORSE THAN DEATH.

### Flight.

years old, arrived from the east about noon to-day. She tells a pitiful story of being in-

she left Glen Haven is dead. The crew numbered twenty-six, and it is believed the passengers did not exceed ten in all. The only names additional to those previously given are those of William Albers, Saukville, Wis.; Miss Dunlevy, of St. James, Beaver Island, and Dutcher, a deck hand. This morning the captain of the life-saving station at Two Rivers and an associated press correspondent examined the preservers picked off the Sheboygan reefs and found them almost worthless. They had evidently all been worn, as the belts remained tied, but were made of grass instead of cork, and had become so saturated that they were too heavy to float a body, and had apparently been slipped off by the wearers when they found themselves being dragged down by their weight. The worthless character of the life preservers has caused considerable indignation. from a former friend advising her to come to Chicago, where she could obtain immediate employment. She arrived there on Monday, October 24, but missed her friend. At the depot she found a man who said he knew REBELLION IN GUATEMALA. where her friend was and would find her. He An Attempted Revolution Suppressed took the girl to a small hotel, and in the and the Leaders Shot. course of the day returned with a bogus dis-LA LIBERTAD, (via Galveston) Oct 31 .patch reading: "Have gone to Hurley. Fol Ex-Vice-President Castenadas, having dislow me; good place in restaurant." Miss agreed with President Barillo's action in pro-Schuman left for Hurley and arrived there claiming himself dictator of Gautemala Wednesday about 6 o'clock in the evening headed a revolution against him, being supported by the most prominent families of Guatemala. The government forces sup-pressed the uprising, however, and captured the chief, who, according to news brought by Pacific mail from authentic resources, was and was met at the depot by a man who said he was sent to meet her. She got into a light delivery wagon and says she was driven about a mile, crossing a small bridge and stopping in front of a long story and a shot yesterday, together with four others, half house, unpainted, Another man held Anarchy and Cranks. the horse, and the man who drove her helped CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The sheriff and police department, it her into a room, which was quite large and uncarpeted. As he opened the door he ex-claimed, "More fresh fish." The girl stood is said, were considerably agitated yesterday still for a moment, when a man without a coat on and in a checked shirt came up, shook hands and said: "Your friend will be here soon. Come into the sitting room." There by the circulation from an unknown source, through the mails, of a circular addressed to workingmen demanding that were seven young girls in the sitting room and two older ones. The latter, and one of the former, including the man with the checked shirt, went with her through the door in the back of the room. She the latter "rise in their might and rescue their brethren in the county jail, who are in danger of hanging." It adds that the inde-pendence of the United States was brought about by bombs and firearms and that they are effective. Futher notice will be given later on, it says. Sheriff Matson would say nothing about it, but Captain Schaack thinks it the work of a provide was shown into a small side room where the entire party fell upon her and stripped her of every vestige of clothes, including shoes and stockings. She begged them to let her go, but they laughed at her and led her, entirely it the work of a crank.

No Decision on Anarchy. naked, into the front room, where six or seven men were and the girls already spoken of. She was approached by the men, who WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- The supreme court made no decision in the anarchist case topatted her with their hands, pinched her, and day. The chief justice announced that a ook other undue liberties, and was forced to took other undue liberties, and was forced to drink beer. After a few moments the pro-prietor, called "Frank," and a man not known, got into a seeming quarrel over the girl, when the latter approached her and said, "Come, my dear, I'll get your clothes," and took off his coat and threw it over the girl's shoulders, and led her from the room decision would be rendered on Wednesday or Thursday,
The delay is thought to indicate nothing

more than that the court's judgment will be set forth in more or less elaborate opinion and that the justice to whom the preparation has been assigned is not yet ready with it. It is the general and in fact about universal her into same room where her clothes had been taken away. He took off the coat and belief of lawyers who practice at the supreme court bar, that the petition for a writ of error will be denied, but the belief is threw the girl on the lounge and forcibly outraged her, and was followed in this piece based only upon their own views of constitu-tional law and the impression made upon their minds by the argument. of fiendishness by two other men, whose names are unknown, except that one had a large scar running down the side of his face

large scar running down the side of his face under his neck.

When the men left her several girls came in and told her she had been "initiated" and must sat, up the drinks. The oldest woman in the house gave her her shoes and stockings back, together with a short dress and skirt. Miss Schuman feigned to be pleased with the surroundings and told the girls as soon as she got rested from her journey she would be as lively as any of them, and she was allowed. Telegraph Tolls Increased. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 31.- [Special Tele gram to the BEE. |-Tha Pacific Mutual Telegraph company to-night advanced its east-bound rates 20 per cent. The Western Union also to-night abolished the Mutual Union rates, which amounts to the doing is an increase of 40 per cent on night rates and 80 per cent on day, all of this applying only to east-bound messages. It practically places the telegraph toils where they were before the Mutual Union deal. It is authoriday night, after being subjected to several indignities worse than any yet described. The proprietor turned her and all the other girls out of bed at 11 o'clock the next tively announced here this evening that that this change in rates is the direct result of the morning, but during the afternoon, in passing through a hallway at the rear of the house, Mary saw several pieces of clothing (not hers), which she hid near an outhouse. Baltimore & Ohio deal. The Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company has a close working arrangement with the Pacific Mutual and the advance of rates, it is stated by both this company and the Western Union, means a three men, one of whom was the man with scar on his face of the previous night. She was obliged to lie in bed with two drunken still further advance. Gould has now practically control of both lines.

nen all night. Friday she got some more clothes and a dress, in the pocket of which was 30 cents, and about 9 o'clock in the evening made her escape. She knew nothing Steamship Arrivals. New York, Oct. 31 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. !- Arrived-The Werra, from Breof the country but wandered from town rossing another little bridge and finding men; the Servia, from Liverpool, and the small but near the road crawled into it an Anchoria, from Glasgow. siept for a short time. She reached a station this side of Hurley and rode on a freight train to Ashland. A Chicago traveling man saw her, and surmising the trouble got her to relate a part of the story. He gave her a ticket from Duluth to Chicago, \$5

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 31 .- Arrived-The Arabia and Italy, from New York.

PLYMOUTH, Oct. 31.—Arrived—The Nordland, from New York for Antwerp.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 31.—Arrived—The Fulda, from New York for Bremen. Glasgow, Oct. 31.—Arrived—The State of Georgia, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 31.—Arrived—The Nova Scotian, from Baltimore.

Reducing the Telegraph Toll. NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The Western Union telegraph company has decided to make a reduction of 20 per cent, beginning to-morrow in ten-word dispatches between New York. Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Chicago, as well as St. Louis. At present the rate for a ten-word message from any of those cities and Chicago or St. Louis is 50 cents. To-morrow and thenceforward the same dispatch can be sent for 40 cents. The rate to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha is to be 50 cents, a reduction of 10 cents.

California Liquor Dealers Worsted. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—The supreme court to-day declared valid and constitutional the ordinance of the town of Pasadena. Los Angeles county, which prohibits liquor saloons. Justice McGarland filed a dissent-ing opinion declaring the ordinance in conflict with the general laws of the state, which foster the products and manufactures of the state, and that as wine was one of the chief PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Oct. 31 .- [Special Telegram to the BER.]-The indications are products, no municipality has the right to now that Humphrey will not carry his own

### A Preacher Murdered.

Stungis, Miss., Oct 31.-Yesterday while John Denew, a prominent colored preacher and politician, was speaking to an emigration meeting, a colored man on the outside fired load of buck shot through the windows blowing out his brains. The murder was committed to prevent Depew from re-porting the murderer for calf stealing. The murderer escaped.

Yale's Club in a Pious Role. New York, Oct. 31 .- Half a dozen Yale students, headed by pitcher Stagg, their fa-

mous base ball twirler, came to New York last evening and held the first of a series of York college and professors. The school's hall was well filled. Chauncey M. Depew, who presided over the meeting, closed the address with the following remark: "This meeting shows that in an American college to-day no man need apologize for being a

#### A Schooner Goes Ashore. FRANKFORT, Mich., Oct. 31 .- The small chooner, Napoleon, of Milwaukee, was driven ashore at Frankfort and is a total wreck. The life saving crew saved all on

ooard. The agent has received word that a vessel is ashore forty-five miles south of Titusville but it will get off at the next high tide without damage.

Another Road Headed for Omaha. DUNLAR, Ia., Oct. 81 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. ]-A new line of railroad is heading for Omaha. The surveyors, seventeen in number, are at work on a survey supposed to come from St. Paul in as near a straight line as possible to Omaha. The men are working past Dunlap this forenoon and are going

about four miles per day. It is said by some

that the work is being done by the Manitoba

## BURGLARS BEG FORGIVENESS.

Dubuque Housebreakers Return Stolen Goods With an Apology.

A DES MOINES MURDER MYSTERY.

The Body of a Woman Found in a Box in an Express Car-Tried to Rob a Minister.

Repentant Robbers. Dunuque, Ia., Oct. 31 .- [Special Telegram o the BEE. ]-A week ago Saturday night the residence of Mr. D. S. Wilson was entered by burglars. His daughter, Mrs. Brock, was chloroformed and the premises robbed of several hundred dollars worth of jewelry and other valuables. This morning when the front door was opened the family were agreeably surprised to find everything taken by the burglars lying on the steps. There was also an apologetic note, stating that the burglars were sorry they had stolen the articles and asked forgiveness for the same. Taken altogether, it is one of the strangest burglaries that has ever occurred in this city.

Tried to Rob a Minister, Dunuque, Ia., Oct. 31.-[Special Telegram o the BEE.]-Last evening the little ninecar-old daughter of Rev. F. H. Wellemeyer, the new pastor of the German M. E. church, was rocking her baby sister to sleep while her father and mother were at church, when a burglar entered the house and asked her where her papa kept his money. The little innocent kept on rocking the baby and answered: "He has no money, and if he had he would not give it to you on Sunday." The burglar then produced a knife and threatened to kill the baby if she did not tell where the money was She previsited, that whe did not money was. She persisted that she did not know, and the burglar, after searching the house through, left without taking anything

#### Ghastly Freight.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 31.- Special Telerram to the BEE.]-When the train from Chariton over the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road arrived this morning there was found with the baggage a small box sixteen by twenty-two inches in size checked regularly from Charitan. Some one had the curiosity to look through the cracks in it and was horrified to find that it contained a human body. The box was turned over to the police without waiting for the holder of the check to turn up. Upon opening the box the body of a woman perfectly nude but wrapped in an old piece of sacking was found compressed into the small spaces. An investigation showed that the body had not been dead long as the joints were all flexible and the members noved easily and without any stiffness. A slight abrasion on one leg was bleeding, the blood flowing freely as if death had taken place but a short time before. The woman seemed to be about thirty years of age, and was very much emaciated. No clue to the identity of the body has been found, and a careful search is being made for the party who checked it and accompanied it to this

Woodbury District Court. Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 31-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]-The October term of the district court convened to-day, Judge Wakefield presiding. At the last term of the district court the attorney for John Arensdorf, accused of the murder of Rev. George C. Haddock, filed a motion for the dismissal of the case against John Arensdorf, and the motion is being argued to-day. The defense is represented by O. C. Tredway and Judge Wes. ver, and the state by County Attorney Marsh and Hon. E. H. Hubbard. The defense asks that the case be dismissed upon the ground that the defendant has once been placed in jeopardy and not convicted. They base

They base fact that their argument on the fact that the jury in the trial of the defendant was called in and discharged by the judge before reaching a verdict. Attor-ncy Marsh said this morning that unless the defense presented something stronger than they have the state will make no argument, but submit the case to the judge. The case but submit the case to the judge. against Arnsdorf, as previously announced, is set down for trial on the 14th prox. Tre docket is a large one and shows that besides an immense amount of civil business there are sixty-one criminal cases still down for

#### Railroad Appointments. DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 1.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—The appointment is

announced to-day of Mr. Geo. W. Ogilvie to be superintendent of the Des Moines & Northwestern railroad, known as the Fonda line, and Mr. L. F. Martin to be superintendent of the St. Louis, Des Moines & Northern, known as the Boone line. Superintendent McGee, of the Missouri division of the Wabash & Western, will have charge also of the Wabash line in Iowa extending to this point. All of these changes are made to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. F. Meck, who becomes general man-ager of the Denver, Texas & Fort Worth

A Bell Bay Steals Diamonds. Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 31.—[Special Telesgram to the Ber.]—Last Wednesday night Mr. and Mrs. Fred Close, of Sibley, Ia., were in Sioux City stopping at the Booge. Among other jewelry possessed by Mrs. Close was a diamond ring worth about \$150, and a diamond pin valued at \$250. These were left in the room occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Close during a short absence. Upon their return the articles could not be found. To-day a detective arrested Fred Stenard, a bell boy at the hotel and recovered the diamonds. The boy

Buying Up the Bogus Checks. Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 31 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-M. E. Crowther, the Correctionville postmaster, who had cashed a number of bogus checks drawn in his favor by Gross, of the same place, arrived in the city Saturday evening, and is gathering up the numerous bogus checks and trying to pay them off. Gross was released from jail and the pair are working together.

A Young Clerk's Suicide. FORT DODGE, Ia., Oct. 31.-[Special Telegram to the BEE. ]-Late Sunday afternoon

Fred Sulzbach, a popular and promising man, for many years clerk and bookkeeper in the clothing establishment of E. G. Larson, committed suicide. There is no substantial causo assigned for the rash act except the promptings of a temperarily insane mind.

### Wreck on the Lakes.

ALPENA, Mich., Oct. 31 .- A a result of yesterday's storm the schooner Mineral State is ashore at North Point abandoned by her crew. The barges Lottle Mason, Acantias and Olaf More are ashore at Presque Island. The crews of all were rescued after enduring much hardship. The barges Sherman and Mills are ashore off Oscodo. Their crews are

### The Newfoundland Bait Act.

London, Oct. 31 .- Lord Salisbury has notified M. Waddington, French ambassador here, that royal sanction has been given to the enforcement of the Newfoundland ball

#### act next season. An Oil Mill Burned.

CINCINSATI, Oct. 31 .- One mill belonging to the American Cotton Seed Oil company burned this afternoon and the other is also in great danger of being wholly destreyed. The loss, at 2 p. m., will reach \$75,000.